Getting more bang for your buck: Fully relaxed electronic states and folding in larger basis set effects with exponential parameterizations

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Coupled cluster (CC) theory is the method of choice (when feasible) for quantitative information about the electronic structure of molecules in "wellbehaved" electronic states. It is capable of achieving chemical accuracy when limited to single and double substitutions with a perturbative treatment of triples for the ground state (CCSD(T)) and for singly-excited states via the equation of motion framework (EOM-CCSD(T)).

Rather than use CC methods primarily for the direct determination of the correlation energy, we will describe a variational CC method capable of determining fully relaxed electronic states – with applications to ionization potentials – and we will describe the use of canonical transformations to "fold in" high-energy excitations to the virtual space into a smaller basis set.